

CHAPTER 45.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

AN ACT fixing the compensation per diem of the members of the general assembly.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa,

SECTION 1. Pay of members. That the members of the general assembly shall receive for their services, the sum of two dollars per day each, for the first fifty days of each regular session, and the sum of one dollar per day each, for the remainder of the session.

SEC. 2. This act to be in force by publication in the Iowa Capital Reporter and Iowa Standard.

Approved, January 24, 1848.

Published in the Reporter, March fifteenth, and in the Standard, February ninth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

[45] CHAPTER 46.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

AN ACT to amend an act establishing the prices of public printing, approved February second, eighteen hundred and forty-three.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa,

SECTION 1. Price of binding. That the prices allowed for folding, stitching, pressing and binding the journals of both houses, and the laws of the general assembly, (when published in pamphlet form,) shall be ten cents per copy.

SEC. 2. When to take effect. This act to take effect from and after its publication in the Iowa City weekly papers.

Approved, January 24, 1848.

Published in the Observer, Feb. first, in the Standard, Feb. ninth, and in the Reporter March fifteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

CHAPTER 47.

STATE ROAD.

AN ACT to repeal an act herein named.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa,

SECTION 1. Act repealed. That an act passed at the last session of this general assembly, entitled an act regulating state roads, approved, February 24th, 1847, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. This act to take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Iowa Standard, and Iowa Capital Reporter, published in Iowa City.

Approved, January 24, 1848.

Published in the Standard, February second, and in the Reporter, Feb. twenty-third, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

[46] CHAPTER 48.

JACKSON COUNTY SEAT.

AN ACT to provide for the re-location of the county seat in the county of Jackson.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa,

SECTION 1. **Election for county seat.** That the legal voters of Jackson county shall vote at the April election of 1848, for such points in said county as they may deem proper, and if, upon canvassing the votes, it is ascertained that any one point has received a majority of votes over all others, then that point shall be and remain the permanent seat of justice of said Jackson county. But if no one point shall receive such majority, then the legal voters of said county shall vote at the next August election, for the two points which received the highest number of votes at the April election, and the point receiving the highest number of votes, shall be and remain the permanent seat of justice of said Jackson county.

SEC. 2. **Acts repealed.** All acts and parts of acts coming in conflict with this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 3. **When to take effect.** This act to take effect from and after its publication in the Iowa Capital Reporter.

Approved, January 24, 1848.

Published in the Reporter February sixteenth eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

CHAPTER 49.

CLINTON COUNTY SEAT.

AN ACT to provide for the location of the county seat of the county of Clinton.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa,

SECTION 1. **Vote for county seat.** That the legal voters of the county of Clinton, shall vote at the spring election of 1848, for such points in said county as they may deem proper, and if, upon canvassing the votes, it is ascertained that any one point has received a majority of votes over all others, then that point shall be and remain the permanent seat of justice of said county. But if no point shall receive a majority, then a special election shall be held on the first Monday of the next month, in the several townships in the county, and the legal voters shall then vote for the three points which received the highest number of votes at the last election, and if any [47] point receive a majority of votes over the other two points, it then shall be and remain the permanent seat of justice of said county; and if no point receives a majority of the votes over